Lab - Implement VLANs and Trunking

# Topology



# Addressing Table

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Device | Interface | IP Address | Subnet Mask |
| S1 | VLAN 10 | 192.168.10.11 | 255.255.255.0 |
| S1 | VLAN 20 | 192.168.20.11 | 255.255.255.0 |
| S1 | VLAN 30 | 192.168.30.11 | 255.255.255.0 |
| S2 | VLAN 10 | 192.168.10.12 | 255.255.255.0 |
| PC-A | NIC | 192.168.20.13 | 255.255.255.0 |
| PC-B | NIC | 192.168.30.13 | 255.255.255.0 |

# VLAN Table

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| VLAN | Name | Interface Assigned |
| 10 | Management | S1: VLAN 10  S2: VLAN 10 |
| 20 | Sales | S1: VLAN 20 and F0/6 |
| 30 | Operations | S1: VLAN 30  S2: F0/18 |
| 999 | ParkingLot | S1: F0/2-5, F0/7-24, G0/1-2  S2: F0/2-17, F0/19-24, G0/1-2 |
| 1000 | Native | N/A |

# Objectives

Part 1: Build the Network and Configure Basic Device Settings

Part 2: Create VLANs and Assign Switch Ports

Part 3: Configure an 802.1Q Trunk between the Switches

# Background / Scenario

Modern switches use virtual local-area networks (VLANs) to improve network performance by separating large Layer 2 broadcast domains into smaller ones. VLANs address scalability, security, and network management. In general, VLANs make it easier to design a network to support the goals of an organization. Communication between VLANs requires a device operating at Layer 3 of the OSI model.

VLAN trunks are used to span VLANs across multiple devices. Trunks allow the traffic from multiple VLANs to travel over a single link, while keeping the VLAN identification and segmentation intact.

In this lab, you will create VLANs on both switches in the topology, assign VLANs to switch access ports, verify that VLANs are working as expected and create VLAN trunks between the two switches.

**Note**: The switches used with CCNA hands-on labs are Cisco Catalyst 2960s with Cisco IOS Release 15.2(2) (lanbasek9 image). Other switches and Cisco IOS versions can be used. Depending on the model and Cisco IOS version, the commands available and the output produced might vary from what is shown in the labs. Refer to the Router Interface Summary Table at the end of the lab for the correct interface identifiers.

**Note**: Ensure that the switches have been erased and have no startup configurations. If you are unsure contact your instructor.

# Required Resources

* 2 Switches (Cisco 2960 with Cisco IOS Release 15.2(2) lanbasek9 image or comparable)
* 2 PCs (Windows with a terminal emulation program, such as Tera Term)
* Console cables to configure the Cisco IOS devices via the console ports
* Ethernet cables as shown in the topology

# Instructions

## Build the Network and Configure Basic Device Settings

In Part 1, you will set up the network topology and configure basic settings on the PC hosts and switches.

### Cable the network as shown in the topology.

Attach the devices as shown in the topology diagram, and cable as necessary.

### Configure basic settings for each switch.

Open configuration window

* + - 1. Console into the switch and enable privileged EXEC mode.
      2. Assign a device name to the switch.

switch(config)# **hostname S1**

cft

* + - 1. Disable DNS lookup.

S1(config)# **no ip domain-lookup**

S2(config)# **no ip domain-lookup**

* + - 1. Assign **class** as the privileged EXEC encrypted password.

S1(config)# **enable secret class**

S2(config)# **enable secret class**

* + - 1. Assign **cisco** as the console password and enable login.

S1(config)# **line console 0**

S1(config-line)# **password cisco**

S1(config-line)# **login**

S2(config)# **line console 0**

S2(config-line)# **password cisco**

S2(config-line)# **login**

* + - 1. Assign **cisco** as the VTY password and enable login.

S1(config)# **line vty 0 15**

S1(config-line)# **password cisco**

S1(config-line)# **login**

S2(config)# **line vty 0 15**

S2(config-line)# **password cisco**

S2(config-line)# **login**

* + - 1. Encrypt the plaintext passwords.

S1(config)# **service password-encryption**

S2(config)# **service password-encryption**

* + - 1. Create a banner that warns anyone accessing the device that unauthorized access is prohibited.

S1(config)# **banner motd $ Authorized Users Only! $**

S2(config)# **banner motd $ Authorized Users Only! $**

* + - 1. Copy the running configuration to the startup configuration.

S1# **copy running-config startup-config**

S2# **copy running-config startup-config**

Close configuration window

### Configure PC hosts.

Refer to the Addressing Table for PC host address information.

## Create VLANs and Assign Switch Ports

In Part 2, you will create VLANs as specified in the table above on both switches. You will then assign the VLANs to the appropriate interface. The **show vlan brief** command is used to verify your configuration settings. Complete the following tasks on each switch.

### Create VLANs on both switches.

Open configuration window

* + - 1. Create and name the required VLANs on each switch from the table above.

S1(config)# **vlan 10**

S1(config-vlan)# **name Management**

S1(config-vlan)# **vlan 20**

S1(config-vlan)# **name Sales**

S1(config-vlan)# **vlan 30**

S1(config-vlan)# **name Operations**

S1(config-vlan)# **vlan 999**

S1(config-vlan)# **name ParkingLot**

S1(config-vlan)# **vlan 1000**

S1(config-vlan)# **name Native**

S2(config)# **vlan 10**

S2(config-vlan)# **name Management**

S2(config-vlan)# **vlan 20**

S2(config-vlan)# **name Sales**

S2(config-vlan)# **vlan 30**

S2(config-vlan)# **name Operations**

S2(config-vlan)# **vlan 999**

S2(config-vlan)# **name ParkingLot**

S2(config-vlan)# **vlan 1000**

S2(config-vlan)# **name Native**

* + - 1. Configure the management interface on each switch using the IP address information in the Addressing Table.

S1(config)# **interface vlan 10**

S1(config-if)# **ip address 192.168.10.11 255.255.255.0**

S2(config)# **interface vlan 10**

S2(config-if)# **ip address 192.168.10.12 255.255.255.0**

* + - 1. Assign all unused ports on the switch to the ParkingLot VLAN, configure them for static access mode, and administratively deactivate them.

S1(config)# **interface range f0/2 - 5, f0/7 - 24, g0/1 - 2**

S1(config-if-range)# **switchport mode access**

S1(config-if-range)# **switchport access vlan 999**

S1(config-if-range)# **shutdown**

S2(config)# **interface range f0/2 - 17, f0/19 - 24, g0/1 - 2**

S2(config-if-range)# **switchport mode access**

S2(config-if-range)# **switchport access vlan 999**

S2(config-if-range)# **shutdown**

### Assign VLANs to the correct switch interfaces.

* + - 1. Assign used ports to the appropriate VLAN (specified in the VLAN table above) and configure them for static access mode.

S1(config)# **interface f0/6**

S1(config-if)# **switchport mode access**

S1(config-if)# **switchport access vlan 20**

S2(config)# **interface f0/18**

S2(config-if)# **switchport mode access**

S2(config-if)# **switchport access vlan 30**

* + - 1. Verify that the VLANs are assigned to the correct interfaces.

S1# **show vlan brief**

VLAN Name Status Ports

---- -------------------------------- --------- -------------------------------

1 default active Fa0/1

10 Management active

20 Sales active Fa0/6

30 Operations active

999 Parking\_Lot active Fa0/2, Fa0/3, Fa0/4, Fa0/5

Fa0/7, Fa0/8, Fa0/9, Fa0/10

Fa0/11, Fa0/12, Fa0/13, Fa0/14

Fa0/15, Fa0/16, Fa0/17, Fa0/18

Fa0/19, Fa0/20, Fa0/21, Fa0/22

Fa0/23, Fa0/24, Gi0/1, Gi0/2

1000 Native active

<output omitted>

S2# **show vlan brief**

VLAN Name Status Ports

---- -------------------------------- --------- -------------------------------

1 default active Fa0/1

10 Management active

20 Sales active

30 Operations active Fa0/18

999 ParkingLot active Fa0/2, Fa0/3, Fa0/4, Fa0/5

Fa0/6, Fa0/7, Fa0/8, Fa0/9

Fa0/10, Fa0/11, Fa0/12, Fa0/13

Fa0/14, Fa0/15, Fa0/16, Fa0/17

Fa0/19, Fa0/20, Fa0/21, Fa0/22

Fa0/23, Fa0/24, Gi0/1, Gi0/2

<output omitted>

Close configuration window

## Configure an 802.1Q Trunk Between the Switches

In Part 3, you will manually configure interface F0/1 as a trunk.

### Manually configure trunk interface F0/1.

Open configuration window

* + - 1. Change the switchport mode on interface F0/1 to force trunking. Make sure to do this on both switches.

S1(config)# **interface f0/1**

S1(config-if)# **switchport mode trunk**

S2(config)# **interface f0/1**

S2(config-if)# **switchport mode trunk**

* + - 1. Set the native VLAN to 1000 on both switches.

S1(config-if)# **switchport trunk native vlan 1000**

S2(config-if)# **switchport trunk native vlan 1000**

* + - 1. As another part of trunk configuration, specify that only VLANs 10, 20, 30, and 1000 are allowed to cross the trunk.

S1(config-if)# **switchport trunk allowed vlan 10,20,30,1000**

S2(config-if)# **switchport trunk allowed vlan 10,20,30,1000**

* + - 1. Issue the **show interfaces trunk** command to verify trunking ports, the native VLAN and allowed VLANs across the trunk.

S1# **show interfaces trunk**

Port Mode Encapsulation Status Native vlan

Fa0/1 on 802.1q trunking 1000

Port Vlans allowed on trunk

Fa0/1 10,20,30,1000

Port Vlans allowed and active in management domain

Fa0/1 10,20,30,1000

Port Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not pruned

Fa0/1 10,20,30,1000

Close configuration window

### Verify connectivity.

Verify connectivity within a VLAN. For example, PC-A should be able to ping S1 VLAN 20 successfully.

#### Question:

Were the pings from PC-B to S2 successful? Explain.

Type your answers here.

The pings were not successful because they are not in the same VLAN. A router is needed to communicate between VLANs.

# Appendix A: Initialize and Reload a Switch

* + - 1. Console into the switch and enter privileged EXEC mode.

Open configuration window

Switch> **enable**

Switch#

* + - 1. Use the **show flash** command to determine if any VLANs have been created on the switch.

Switch# **show flash**

Directory of flash:/

2 -rwx 1919 Mar 1 1993 00:06:33 +00:00 private-config.text

3 -rwx 1632 Mar 1 1993 00:06:33 +00:00 config.text

4 -rwx 13336 Mar 1 1993 00:06:33 +00:00 multiple-fs

5 -rwx 11607161 Mar 1 1993 02:37:06 +00:00 c2960-lanbasek9-mz.150-2.SE.bin

6 -rwx 616 Mar 1 1993 00:07:13 +00:00 vlan.dat

32514048 bytes total (20886528 bytes free)

* + - 1. If the **vlan.dat** file was found in flash, then delete this file.

Switch# **delete vlan.dat**

Delete filename [vlan.dat]?

* + - 1. You are prompted to verify the filename. If you have entered the name correctly, press Enter; otherwise, you can change the filename.

You are prompted to confirm deletion of this file. Press Enter to confirm.

Delete flash:/vlan.dat? [confirm]

Switch#

* + - 1. Use the **erase startup-config** command to erase the startup configuration file from NVRAM. You are prompted to remove the configuration file. Press Enter to confirm.

Switch# **erase startup-config**

Erasing the nvram filesystem will remove all configuration files! Continue? [confirm]

[OK]

Erase of nvram: complete

Switch#

* + - 1. Reload the switch to remove any old configuration information from memory. You will then receive a prompt to confirm reloading of the switch. Press Enter to proceed.

Switch# **reload**

Proceed with reload? [confirm]

**Note**: You may receive a prompt to save the running configuration prior to reloading the switch. Respond by typing **no** and press Enter.

System configuration has been modified. Save? [yes/no]: **no**

* + - 1. After the switch reloads, you should see a prompt to enter the initial configuration dialog. Respond by entering **no** at the prompt and press Enter.

Would you like to enter the initial configuration dialog? [yes/no]: **no**

Switch>

End of document

# Device Configs - Final

# Switch S1

S1# show run

Building configuration...

Current configuration : 3310 bytes

!

version 15.2

no service pad

service timestamps debug datetime msec

service timestamps log datetime msec

service password-encryption

!

hostname S1

!

boot-start-marker

boot-end-marker

!

enable secret 5 $1$qZwa$Onq3ruS0CBIH0izu35Xyg1

!

no aaa new-model

system mtu routing 1500

!

no ip domain-lookup

!

spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst

spanning-tree extend system-id

!

vlan internal allocation policy ascending

!

interface FastEthernet0/1

switchport trunk allowed vlan 10,20,30,1000

switchport trunk native vlan 1000

switchport mode trunk

!

interface FastEthernet0/2

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/3

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/4

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/5

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/6

switchport access vlan 20

switchport mode access

!

interface FastEthernet0/7

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/8

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/9

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/10

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/11

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/12

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/13

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/14

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/15

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/16

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/17

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/18

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/19

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/20

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/21

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/22

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/23

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/24

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface GigabitEthernet0/1

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface GigabitEthernet0/2

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface Vlan1

no ip address

!

interface Vlan10

ip address 192.168.10.11 255.255.255.0

!

interface Vlan20

ip address 192.168.20.11 255.255.255.0

!

interface Vlan30

ip address 192.168.30.11 255.255.255.0

!

ip http server

ip http secure-server

!

banner motd ^C Authorized Users Only! ^C

!

line con 0

password 7 045802150C2E

login

line vty 0 4

password 7 045802150C2E

login

line vty 5 15

login

!

end

# Switch S2

S2# show run

Building configuration...

Current configuration : 3192 bytes

!

version 15.2

no service pad

service timestamps debug datetime msec

service timestamps log datetime msec

service password-encryption

!

hostname S2

!

boot-start-marker

boot-end-marker

!

enable secret 5 $1$7PUn$ac4H.MnZig5SOQiNJUH4j/

!

no aaa new-model

system mtu routing 1500

!

no ip domain-lookup

!

spanning-tree mode rapid-pvst

spanning-tree extend system-id

!

vlan internal allocation policy ascending

!

interface FastEthernet0/1

switchport trunk allowed vlan 10,20,30,1000

switchport trunk native vlan 1000

switchport mode trunk

!

interface FastEthernet0/2

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/3

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/4

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/5

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/6

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/7

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/8

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/9

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/10

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/11

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/12

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/13

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/14

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/15

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/16

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/17

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/18

switchport access vlan 30

switchport mode access

!

interface FastEthernet0/19

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/20

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/21

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/22

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/23

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface FastEthernet0/24

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface GigabitEthernet0/1

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface GigabitEthernet0/2

switchport access vlan 999

switchport mode access

shutdown

!

interface Vlan1

no ip address

shutdown

!

interface Vlan10

ip address 192.168.10.12 255.255.255.0

!

ip http server

ip http secure-server

!

banner motd ^C Authorized Users Only! ^C

!

line con 0

password 7 1511021F0725

login

line vty 0 4

password 7 1511021F0725

login

line vty 5 15

login

!

end